



Ready To Use

Lilly Miller®

CUEVA™
COPPER SOAP
FUNGICIDE

*Controls diseases on Roses,
Ornamentals, and
Vegetables*

POWDERY MILDEW **BLACK SPOT** **RUST**

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Copper Octanoate (Copper Soap)..... 0.08%
INERT INGREDIENTS..... 99.92%
Total..... 100.00%
Metallic copper equivalent..... 0.017%

Keep out of reach of children
CAUTION
See back panel for additional precautionary statements

NET CONTENTS 1 PT. 8 FL. OZ. (709 ml)

098605 135-07/03

ROSES AND ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Blackspot, Downy mildew, Gray mold, Leafspots, Powdery mildew, Rust. Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. Begin treatment when new spring growth emerges and repeat every 7 to 10 days for as long as needed to control disease. This product may cause some copper toxicity on some roses. Copper toxicity appears as purple spots.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

African violet: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Powdery mildew.

Aluminum plant: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Anthracnose, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Aralia: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot.

Areca palm: Leaf spot.

Bird's nest fern: Bacterial leaf spot and blight.

Boston fern: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Rhizoctonia blight

Bromeliad: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight.

Cactus: Leaf spot.

Caladium: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight.

Chinese evergreen: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot.

Corn plant: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot.

Croton: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight.

Devils ivy: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight.

Dieffenbachia: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Dracaena: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot.

Dwarf Schefflera: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot.

Earthstar: Anthracnose.

English ivy: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Euphorbia: Rhizoctonia blight.

Fishtail palm: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot.

Grape ivy: Anthracnose, Botrytis blight, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, Rhizoctonia blight.

India-rubber tree: Leaf spot, Botrytis blight.

Japanese fatsia: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Ladyfinger palm: Leaf spot.

Lipstick vine: Botrytis blight, Leaf spot.

Nephtytis: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Nerve plant: Rhizoctonia blight.

Norfolk Island pine: Colletotrichum needle blight.

Oyster plant: Leaf spot.

Peperomia: Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Philodendron: Anthracnose, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot.

Pothos: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight.

Prayer plant: Leaf spot.

Rattlesnake plant: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot.

Schefflera: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Sedum: Leaf spot.

Snake plant: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot.

Spathe flower: Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Staghorn fern: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight.

Swiss cheese plant: Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Anthracnose, Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot.

Tailflower: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot.

Ti plant: Anthracnose, Leaf spot.

Urn plant: Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight.

Various palms: Leaf spot.

Wax plant: Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

Weeping fig: Leaf spot.

Yucca: Leaf spot.

Zebra plant: Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS

Powdery mildews commonly occur on the following plants: bean, beet, broccoli, brussel sprouts, cauliflower, cabbage, cantaloupe, chard, chicory, chive, cucumber, currant, endive, gooseberry, hop, kale, kohlrabi, lettuce, lilac, pea, pumpkin, rose, rutabaga, spinach, squash, strawberry, turnip, zucchini and many other plant species.

Downy mildews commonly occur on the following plants: bean, beet, broccoli, brussel sprouts, cauliflower, cabbage, cantaloupe, chard, chicory, chive, corn, cucumber, endive, garlic, hop, kale, kohlrabi, leek, lettuce, onion, pea, pumpkin, rutabaga, shallot, spinach, squash, sunflower, tobacco, turnip, zucchini and many other plant species.

White rusts commonly occur on the following plants: broccoli, brussel sprouts, cauliflower, cabbage, chard, kale, kohlrabi, spinach, sunflower, turnip, and many other plant species.

Leaf and fruit spots commonly occur on:

Quince: Anthracnose, Cedar Apple Rust, Coryneum Blight, Flyspeck, Quince Rust, Scab, Sooty Blotch

Bean, Pea: Anthracnose, Ascochyta leaf and pod spot, Bacterial blights (halo, common and brown spot)

Beet, chard, spinach: Cercospora leaf spot

Carrots: Alternaria leaf blight, Bacterial leaf blight, Cercospora leaf blight

Celery And Celeriac: Bacterial leaf spot, Cercospora (early) blight, Septoria (late) blight

Corr: Southern leaf blight, Cercospora leaf spot

Cabbage and Related Plants: Alternaria blight, Bacterial leaf spot

Cucumbers, Cantaloupe, Squash, Pumpkin, Zucchini: Alternaria blight, scab, Angular leaf spot, Anthracnose, Scab, Ulocladium leaf spot

Currant and Gooseberry: Anthracnose, Phyllosticta and Septoria leaf spots

Ginseng: Alternaria blight, Botrytis blight, Phytophthora mildew

Hop: Anthracnose, Cercospora leaf spot

Lettuce, Chicory, Endive: Septoria leaf spot

Onion, Garlic, Leek, Shallot, Chives: Botrytis leaf blight,

Neck rot and Bacterial soft rot

Parsley: Leaf scorch, Leaf spot

Strawberry: Angular leaf spot, Leaf scorch, Mycosphaerella leaf spot, Phomopsis leaf blight, Septoria leaf spots

Tomato, Potato, Eggplant, Pepper: Anthracnose, Bacterial speck, Bacterial spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Early blight, Gray mold, Late blight, Leaf mold, Septoria leaf spot

-Rusts are commonly found on roses, currants and many other types of plants.

-Fruit rots commonly occur on strawberries, raspberries, and other fruit.

GRAPES

Note: Do not mix this product with lime. Certain Vinifera and French Hybrid varieties may be sensitive to copper sprays resulting in marginal leaf burn. Before spraying these varieties, consult your State Experiment Station or make test sprays.

Downy mildew, Black rot, Phomopsis Cane and Leaf Spot, Powdery mildew: Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. For best control begin treatment when new growth reaches 1/2 inch and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals throughout the growing season.

Gray mold (Fruit rot)

Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. For best control begin treatment at the end of bloom and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals until 3 weeks before harvest.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Store this product in its original container and keep in a secure storage area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Store in a secure place, away from open fire or flame. Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product may be damaged by freezing. Do not store product below 40°F (4°C). If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in an approved manner. **Disposal:** *If empty:* Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800-CLEAN-UP for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

Notice to Buyer: Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on this label and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on this label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to use of this product contrary to label directions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller. Buyer assumes all risk of any such use. Seller makes no other warranties, either expressed or implied.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For household use only. Read and follow all applicable directions and precautions on this label before using.

Application directions: Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. This container will treat 70 square feet (7' x 10'). Begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears or when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed. Re-apply after rain. This product may cause some copper toxicity on some plant species. Before spraying a specific plant species, consult your State Experiment Station or make a test spray.

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Distributed by:
LILLY MILLER BRANDS

PO BOX 2289
CLACKAMAS, OR 97015

EPA Reg. No. 67702-1-33116
EPA Est. 61448-CA-1

09605135-07/03

www.lillymiller.com



PEEL BACK BOOK HERE AND RESEAL AFTER OPENING

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID:

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

If In Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **If On Skin:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **If Swallowed:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **If Inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

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